



Alaskan Klee Kai Club of America Membership Meeting

AKC AKK Breed Standards

Join us for a Zoom web conference
**Sunday, August 25, 2024, 3:30pm Central
(4:30p Eastern, 2:30p Mountain, 1:30p Pacific, 12:30p Alaska)**

The purpose of this special club meeting shall be to review each section of the Alaskan Klee Kai breed standard, and the changes which AKC is requesting so that the standard meets AKC guidelines. We will also be explaining the reasoning behind the sections and their requests.

According to Bylaws, no other Club business may be transacted.

This presentation is recorded and will be available on the Club's Website for viewing after the meeting.

AKC Standards Background:

- **The American Kennel Club (AKC) has breed standards that are written descriptions of the ideal characteristics for each breed registered with the AKC. The parent club of each breed writes the standards with AKC guidance.**
- **The standard must conform with the AKC Guidelines for Writing Breed Standards in a specific format with descriptions for all major headings and subheadings. Descriptions and faults are to be listed under the appropriate respective headings section. Colors of eyes, eye rims, mouth, lips, nose, etc. are to be given under their respective headings rather than be repeated in the Color section.**
- **Any deviation from this description is considered a fault, the seriousness with which the fault is regarded should be in proportion to the extent of the deviation. Faults common to all breeds are as undesirable to the Alaskan Klee Kai as in any other breed, even though such faults may not be specifically mentioned in this standard. There is no need to list faults which are obvious to the positive ideal description of the dog or which AKC rules make DQ's for all breeds.**
- **The text of the standard should be as clear and concise as possible, keeping in mind those features and qualities that make the breed unique.**
- **(DQ's will be summarized at the end of standard, in the booklets for judges, and in the Complete Dog Book).**

Official Standard of the Alaskan Klee Kai

General Appearance:

The Alaskan Klee Kai is a small sized companion dog that is alert, energetic, and curious, yet **may be**** reserved with unfamiliar people and situations. The body is well proportioned, with a level topline and a length slightly longer than height. The gait is smooth, agile, and well balanced. The wedge-shaped head, erect triangle shaped ears, well furred double coat, and loosely curled tail reflect its arctic heritage. The most distinctive characteristic of the Alaskan Klee Kai is the contrasting symmetrical facial mask and body markings.

*This standard is the description of the ideal Alaskan Klee Kai. Any deviation from this description is considered a fault, the seriousness with which the fault is regarded should be in proportion to the extent of the deviation. Faults common to all breeds are as undesirable to the Alaskan Klee Kai as in any other breed, even though such faults may not be specifically mentioned in this standard. **

**(AKC – this standard AKC fault description is at the end in the summary of faults section, so not needed at this beginning area also.)*

*** (membership recommendation ‘ may be ’ since not always reserved)*

Size, Proportion and Substance:

Size – Alaskan Klee Kai height is 12 to 17 inches at the withers.

Disqualifications- over 17 ½ inches in height.

Proportion – In profile, the length of the body, from the point of the shoulder to the point of the buttocks, is slightly longer than the height of the body from the ground to the withers, making the dog slightly longer than tall.

Substance – Weight and bone are in proportion to the overall dog.

****(AKC – No changes recommended on Size, Proportion or Substance.)***

Head:

Expression is alert, keen, and intelligent.

Eyes are of medium size, almond-shaped*, and may be any color or combination of colors. ~~Almond shaped eyes are the most desirable, followed in order of preference by oval and then round.~~ The eyes are moderately spaced. ~~not set too wide or too close together*~~. Dogs with coat colors in shades of black with white or gray with white have eye rims that are black; and dogs with coat colors in shades of red with white have eye rims that are liver/brown colored.

Serious Faults- Bulging eyes; Eyes set too deep.

Disqualification- Partial or completely black eye rims on dogs with coat colors in shades of red with white.

Head cont'd next page:

** (AKC – No changes recommended on Expression.)*

** (AKC – Eyes - list the ideal eye shape only, not 2nd and 3rd)*

** (AKC – ‘Eyes are moderately spaced’ already indicates not set too wide or too close together.)*

Head Cont'd:

Ears are strongly erect and triangle in shape with slightly rounded tips. They are set high yet well apart and are slightly large in proportion to the size of the head. The leather is thick from base to tip and well furred. The ears are extremely mobile and reactive.

Disqualifications- Hanging or drop ears.

Head cont'd next page:

**(AKC – No changes recommended on Ears.)*

Head cont'd:

Skull is slightly rounded and somewhat broad, neither too flat nor too domed. It tapers gradually from the widest point to the eyes. The stop is moderate and slightly sloping. The head is in proportion to the size of the body, and it is neither too narrow nor too thick. The skull and muzzle taper toward the nose to form a broad-based wedge shape.

Muzzle tapers slightly from the stop to the nose, with a straight bridge, and is well filled in under the eyes. The lower jaw is strong but not protruding. The length of the muzzle from stop to nose is equal to, or slightly shorter than, the length of the skull from occiput to stop. Lips are tight. Dogs with coat colors in shades of black with white or gray with white have black lip color; and dogs with coat colors in shades of red with white, have liver/brown lip color.

~~**Faults – Pinched or snipy muzzle.***~~

Disqualification- Partial or completely black lips on dogs with coat colors in shades of red with white.

Head cont'd next page:

*** (AKC – Muzzle Fault- ‘Pinched or snipy muzzle’ not needed since described otherwise.)**

Head cont'd:

Nose in profile, is on the same line as the top of the muzzle and extends just slightly beyond the lower jaw. Dogs with coat colors in shades of black with white or gray with white have a nose that is black; and dogs with coat colors in shades of red with white have a nose that is liver/brown colored. **A streaked "snow nose" is less desirable, but acceptable.***

Disqualification- Partial or completely black nose on dog with coat colors in shades of red with white.

Bite - Strong white evenly aligned teeth close in a tight scissors bite.

~~Fault~~ level bite.*

Disqualifications- Overshot or undershot bite; wry mouth.

*** (AKC – Nose - list the ideal nose only, not 2nd)**

*** (AKC –Bite Fault- level bite not needed since described otherwise.)**

Neck, Topline and Body:

Neck is medium in length, arched and carried proudly erect when the dog is standing. When moving at a trot, the neck is extended so that the head is carried slightly forward.

Body is moderately muscled with a level **topline** from the withers to the croup.

Chest is muscular and moderately broad with a slightly pronounced prosternum clearly defined between the points of the shoulders. The lowest point of the chest does not extend below the elbows and is just behind the forelegs.

Ribs are well sprung, forming a strong back, then curving down and inward to form a body that would be nearly heart-shaped if viewed in cross-section.

Loin is strong and short, narrower than the rib cage, and has a slight tuck-up.

Croup is broad and very slightly sloping.

Tail is well furred and set **on-or*** just slightly below the level of the topline. The tail is carried in a loose, natural curl which falls to the center of the back or drapes down against either side when the dog is alert or moving. When the tail is curled, it does not stand away from the back or sides of the body. When the dog is relaxed, the tail may hang down.

Serious Fault- Kinked Tail**

Disqualifications- ~~Kinked tail~~; Tail too short to naturally curl over and touch the back.

**** (AKC – Tail -list the ideal tail set only, not ‘or’.)***

**** (AKC - Neck, Body, Topline, Chest, Ribs, Loin, Croup no changes recommend.)***

***** (membership recommendation ‘ Serious Fault – Kinked Tail)***

Forequarters:

Angulation - The forequarters are well angulated.

Shoulders are well laid back to allow for good reach and freedom of movement. The **shoulder blade** and **upper arm** are approximately equal in length.

Forelegs, when viewed from the front, are straight, parallel, and moderately spaced with bone in proportion to the dog, appearing neither fragile nor heavy.

Elbows are set close to the body and turned neither in nor out. The length of the leg from the ground to the elbow is slightly longer than the length from the elbow to the withers.

Pasterns are flexible and strong, moderately short, and slightly angled.

Dewclaws removal is optional.

Feet are oval in shape. ~~yet not long~~.* The paws are sized in proportion to the bone of the individual dog and turn neither in nor out. The toes are well arched. The pads are thickly cushioned and furred between the toes and pads.

~~Fault—Splayed feet~~.*

* (AKC – ‘yet not long’ -not needed)

* (AKC- described so ‘fault splayed feet’ is not needed)

* (AKC Angulation, Shoulders, shoulder blade, upper arm, Forelegs, Elbows, Pasterns, and Dewclaws no changes recommend)

Hindquarters:

Angulation - The hindquarters are well angulated and in balance with the forequarters.*

** (AKC – recommended add ‘and in balance with the forequarters’.)*

Hind legs, when viewed from the rear, are moderately spaced and parallel, turning neither in nor out. The bone is in proportion to the dog, appearing neither fragile nor heavy.

Upper thighs are moderately muscled.

Stifles are well bent.

Hock joints are well let down. Pasterns are straight.

Dewclaws removal is optional.

Feet are as described in forequarters.

~~**Serious Faults** – Over angulation; Under angulation of stifles or hocks.~~

** (AKC – Serious fault not needed since described.)*

** (AKC – Hind legs, upper thighs, Stifles, Hock, Dewclaws, and Feet -no changes recommended.)*

Coat:

The Alaskan Klee Kai is double coated with the hair being medium length, giving a well-furred appearance reminiscent of the breed's Arctic heritage. **Longer-coated dogs are permissible, but*** the coat is never so long as to obscure the outline of the dog. The outer coat guard hairs are straight and somewhat smooth lying, never harsh nor extremely soft. The dense, soft undercoat is of sufficient length to support the outer coat. The absence of an undercoat should not be penalized during shedding season. The neck is well-furred with hair which forms a protective ruff blending into the coat. The tail is also well-furred with longer hair at the base and underside of the tail.

Serious faults- Coat that is so long as to obscure the outline of the body.

The Alaskan Klee Kai is shown in its natural state and the only trimming permissible is around the foot area to present a clean/neat appearance.

Any trimming of the whiskers, or the fur on any other part of the dog, is to be severely penalized.

**** (Due to AKC judge recommendations/feedback with BOD & AKC, added 'longer-coated' verbiage so judges are not confused with varied medium lengths in the ring. Too long and obscuring outline is still serious fault).***

Color:

The Alaskan Klee Kai has symmetrical and distinctive dark and white contrasting-colored markings. The three allowable coat colors are in shades of black, gray or red.

- White is required on all coat colors in the following areas: inside the ears, on the lower portion of the face and jaw, on the sides of the muzzle, on the cheeks, on the throat, on the chest, on the abdomen, on the legs, on the feet, around the vent and on the underside of the tail.
- The darker coat color extends down the sides of the body, shoulders, and hips. It may also extend partially down the outside of the forelegs and hindlegs, and/or reach down and around the upper chest in a symmetrical pattern.
- The darker coat color extends down the top side of the tail. ~~It is preferred that~~* The tip of the tail is the same dark color or darker.

Color cont'd next page:

** (AKC – Remove ‘it is preferred that’, list the ideal only.)*

Color Cont'd:

The **facial mask** is a distinctive trait of this breed and must be symmetrical and clearly visible due to the contrasting colors. Different combinations of markings are possible on the mask, ~~ranging from the full mask (described below) which is the most desirable, to the color going down the top/bridge of the muzzle having a symmetrical split, where a narrow white colored strip evenly divides the dark colored strip, which is less desirable, to the widow's peak which is the least desirable. The acceptable masks can have any combination of markings*~~ as long as they are symmetrical and have the contrasting white color prominent in the areas listed above. ~~Absence of the darker color forward of the ears is to be considered as having no mask at all.*~~

Color cont'd next page:

** (AKC – Mask colors- list the ideal only, not all variations.)*

Color Cont'd:

The **full mask** is the most desired for the Alaskan Klee Kai. It includes the dark coloration on the head extending continuously down the top/bridge of the muzzle to the nose, and also under or around the eyes. The darker color below the eyes does not extend more than a quarter way down the cheek. The darker color down the top/bridge of the muzzle does not extend more than a quarter of the way off the sides of the muzzle. The color going down the top/bridge of the muzzle is solid. White colored markings above the eyes complete the **most desired*** full mask.

Serious Faults - Darker color below the eyes extending more than halfway down the cheek; Darker color down the top/bridge of the muzzle extending more than halfway off the sides of the muzzle.

** (AKC – do not need ‘most desired’ twice.)*

Color Cont'd:

Disqualifications -

- *Asymmetrical markings;*
- *Absence of distinct mask;*
- *Any solid coat color lacking distinct and contrasting markings;*
- *Absence of required white contrasting color as described in the color section;*
- *Distinct dark area, spots, or speckles in the white areas, other than the tip of the tail, and the symmetrical markings on the facial mask, chest, and legs as described;*
- *Distinct white area or spots in the dark areas, other than the tip of the tail, and the symmetrical markings on the facial mask, chest, and legs as described.*

** (AKC - no changes recommend.)*

Gait:

The characteristic gait of the Alaskan Klee Kai is seemingly effortless, smooth, agile, and well balanced. ~~with neither crossing nor crabbing~~*. It has good reach in the forequarters and good drive in the hindquarters with the top line remaining firm and level. Shown on a loose lead at a moderately fast trot, the dog will single track as their speed increases and the legs gradually angle inward until the pads are falling on a line directly under the longitudinal center of the body, single tracking. The forelegs and hind legs are carried straight forward, with neither the elbows nor stifles turning in or out.

** (AKC – ‘with neither crossing nor crabbing’ is not needed since described.)*

Temperament:

The Alaskan Klee Kai is intelligent, alert, curious and talkative. They enjoy being physically and mentally challenged and have an energetic eagerness to participate in a broad array of activities. A perceptive yet mischievous nature, and an adaptability to most lifestyles, make them a loving and devoted companion. The Alaskan Klee Kai **may have** ~~has~~ a sensitive and reserved nature so positive reinforcement and proper socialization from an early age is important.

** (AKC - no changes recommend.)*

*** (membership recommendation 'may have' since not always sensitive and reserved)*

Summary of Faults:

This standard is the description of the ideal Alaskan Klee Kai. Any deviation from this description should be considered a fault, the seriousness with which the fault should be regarded should be in proportion to the extent of the deviation. Faults common to all breeds are as undesirable to the Alaskan Klee Kai as in any other breed, even though such faults may not be specifically mentioned in this standard.

Faults:

- ~~Pinched or snipy muzzle;~~
- ~~Level bite;~~
- ~~Splayed feet.~~

Serious Faults:

- Bulging eyes;
- Eyes set too deep;
- **Kinked tail****
- ~~Over angulation;~~
- ~~Under angulation of stifles or hocks;~~
- Coat that is so long as to obscure the outline of the body;
- Darker color below the eyes extending more than halfway down the cheek;
- Darker color down the top/bridge of the muzzle extending more than halfway off the sides of the muzzle.

Summary of Faults Cont'd next page:

** (AKC – adjusted per previous sections)*

*** (membership recommendation ‘ Kinked tail’ Serious Fault instead of DQ)*

Summary of Faults Cont'd:

** (AKC - no changes recommend.)*

Disqualifications:

- Over 17 ½ inches in height;
- Partial or completely black eye rims, lips, or nose on dog with coat colors in shades of red with white;
- Hanging or drop ears;
- Overshot or undershot bite;
- Wry mouth;
- **Kinked tail; ****
- Tail too short to naturally curl over and touch the back;
- Asymmetrical markings;
- Absence of distinct mask;
- Any solid coat color lacking distinct and contrasting markings;
- Absence of required white contrasting color as described in color section;
- Distinct dark area, spots, or speckles in the white areas, other than the tip of the tail, and the symmetrical markings on the facial mask, chest, and legs as described;
- Distinct white area or spots in the dark areas, other than the tip of the tail, and the symmetrical markings on the facial mask, chest, and legs as described.

*** (membership recommendation 'Kinked tail' Serious Fault instead of DQ)*

Severely Penalized: The Alaskan Klee Kai is shown in its natural state and the only trimming permissible is around the foot area to present a clean/neat appearance. Any trimming of the whiskers, or the fur on any other part of the dog is to be severely penalized.

Breed Standard Revisions

The American Kennel Club has asked us to review their revision recommendations to meet AKC breed standard guidelines.

A revision consists of any change, deletion, interpretation, or clarification to a standard.

We wanted to give the membership an explanation of each these revisions before sending out a ballot with the revisions to the membership to vote on the changes.

The membership ballot and the results of the ballot will be sent to the American Kennel Club. If the standard is approved by AKKCOA, it will be sent to the AKC Board of Directors for review.

Once AKKCOA and the American Kennel Club Board of Directors has approved a standard, there is a (5) five-year moratorium on revisions.

QUESTIONS/COMMENTS

**Sherry Holloway, Korine Jozwiak-Falk, Jelayne Nygren,
Gabe Redler, Fran Morano, April Yoser,
Linda Spurlin – Breed Developer**

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Club's Website for viewing after the meeting.**